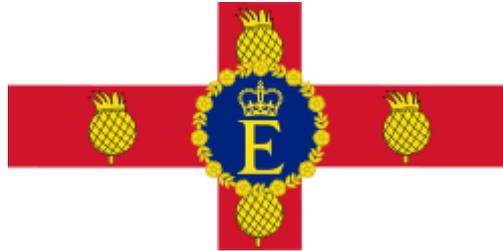


To His Excellency the Most Honourable Sir Patrick Linton Allen, ON, GCMG, CD, and the Jamaican peoples in our Diamond and Golden Jubilee season. A musical recital Copy circulated. Spanish Town compliance unit Dubplate.



The visit of Queen Elizabeth 2nd to Ethiopia 1st February 1965.

Toast of Emperor Haile Selassie I.

An OAU (AU) 2013 Golden Jubilee recital.



“It gives Us the greatest pleasure to welcome, on Our own behalf and on behalf of the entire Ethiopian people, Your Majesty and Prince Philip who are with Us in Ethiopia as Our honoured guests.

We have long and eagerly looked forward to your coming, and We greet you this evening with respect and affection.

In coming to Ethiopia, Your Majesty, You have reaffirmed the friendship and depth of feeling which have for so long existed between Our two nations and their peoples and which serve as an indissoluble bond between us.

You have, as well, contributed fresh evidence to the universality of man and of the **fundamental and deep-seated ties which unite all people**, whatever their race, cultural orientation or economic and social background, who share common principles and ideals and who strive for the attainment of man’s most cherished goals.

The Commonwealth of which Your Majesty is the Head stands today as symbol of this universality and provides, in its own way, encouragement for those of us who seek, **on this African continent**, to utilize in Our search for true unity what is best among the common instinct and aspirations shared by all men.

The Ethiopian and British peoples and Governments are old friends. Contacts between us stretch back many years. Our friendship was cemented and rendered indissoluble during the unhappy years in which Ethiopians, abandoned to the aggressor, struggled against overwhelming odds, first, to preserve their nation's independence, and later, to free it from the despot's heel.

We personally cherish mixed emotions concerning those years. From **1936 to 1941**, separated from Our people, exiled in a strange land while We laboured to muster sympathy and support for Ethiopia's cause, We were received by the British people with a warmth which nourished and strengthened Our will.

And when, finally, the just God called the tyrant aggressor to account, soldiers of many lands marching under the British flag, fought side by side with Our patriots for the liberation of the subjugated and the triumph of justice and liberty over tyranny and oppression.

Today, Ethiopia looks to the British as staunch and firm friends in the struggle being waged throughout the world against poverty, ignorance and want.

Cultural Ties

Throughout the years, Ethiopia has enjoyed and benefitted from the interest of British scholars and friends who have sought to know our country well and to convey to the world from which our nation was so long isolated a true sense of the richness of our life and the diversity of our culture.

As this knowledge has been diffused, Ethiopia has been helped to emerge proudly to play a fuller role in international affairs.

It is upon this knowledge and understanding that we have sought to build the international unity of the spirit which today constitutes the most important force for good in the search for a lasting world peace and a decent way of life for humanity.

With the raising of all men to their rightful dignity and honour as individuals, they will be able to regard their fellows, of whatever nation, of whatever race, of whatever religious, linguistic or historical tradition, as equals, without jealousy, without fear, without undue pride.

The British people are united with us in this field and we are confident that they will continue to lend their unstinting efforts in the accomplishment of the immense task which, together with other people of good will, they have joined their efforts.

Your Majesty, during Your Reign, which commenced in an African country only a little distance to the South, You have carried forward gloriously the traditions of Your lineage and brought new honour to the Throne which You occupy.

Your Majesty personally enjoys today the respect, the admiration and the affection of all peoples to whom Britain serves as the symbol of indomitability in adversity, of courage when confronted by danger, of dignity and resolve when threatened with defeat, and magnanimity and generosity in victory.

We shall never forget the warm and friendly reception accorded to Us by the British people during Our state visit a decade ago.

Similarly, We trust that your stay with us will be pleasant. We hope that you will carry away with you deep and abiding memories of Our nation and its people.

We ask all here assembled now to join Us in a toast to the continued friendship between the British and Ethiopian peoples, to the growth in prosperity and well-being of the British nation, to the health, **long life and personal happiness of Her Majesty the Queen and Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh.**

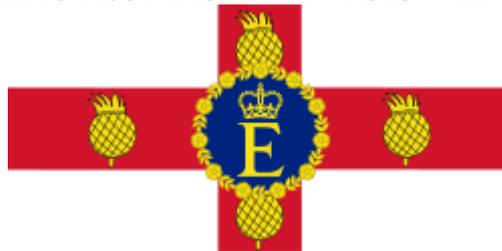
Feb 1st 1965.

The Jamaica (Constitution) Order in Council 1962

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 23rd day of July, 1962

Present,

.....
THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY IN COUNCIL



Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in that behalf by subsection (1) of section 5 of the West Indies Act, 1962 or otherwise in Her vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:-

**First Schedule
OATHS**

Oath of Allegiance

I _____, do swear that I will be faithful and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II, Her Heirs and Successors, according to law. So help me God.

Oath for the due execution of the office of Governor-General.

I _____, do swear that I will well and truly serve Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II, Her Heirs and Successors, in the office of Governor-General. So help me God.

Judicial Oath.

I _____, do swear that I will well and truly serve Our Sovereign Lady Queen Elizabeth II, Her Heirs and Successors, in the office of _____ and I will do right to all manner of people after the laws and usages of Jamaica without fear or favour, affection or ill will. So help me God

Queen Elizabeth 2nd, utterance to Emperor Haile Selassie I.

Diamond and Golden Jubilee recital for all Musicians churches and schools,

STATE VISIT TO ETHIOPIA

THE STATE BANQUET IN ADDIS ABABA.

"Your Imperial Majesty:

I thank you for the kind words in which you have proposed this toast, and through you, would wish to thank the people of Addis Ababa for the enthusiastic welcome which they gave to myself and my husband on our arrival here today.

For centuries our two countries were at opposite confines of the known world. Although men talked of a Christian Kingdom in the high mountains of Africa in the middle ages, It was only later, **In the seventeenth century**, that the first recorded contact was made; and a century later that the **Scottish explorer, James Bruce, traveled to the sources of the Nile.**

The first official British mission to this country was conducted on behalf of my ancestor, **King George 3rd** , to your Imperial Majesty's great-great-grandfather, **King Sahle Selassie**.

In 1897 a treaty of friendship was signed with the Emperor Menelik 2nd . This friendship has remained the cornerstone of our relations into modern times and it continued through the dark days of **1935 and 1936**, when your Imperial Majesty came to Britain after a gallant and heroic defiance of a **ruthless aggressor**, until your triumphal return to Addis Ababa in **1941**. This followed a campaign in which our troops fought shoulder to shoulder to restore freedom and independence.

The stirring history of Ethiopia is unique in Africa and it has given Your Imperial Majesty and the people of this country a leading influence in Africa at a critical moment in the political development of this great continent”.

“In this Hall, some twenty months ago, a historic dinner was held to mark the first **Summit meeting of the Heads of African States**. That gathering, so full of promise for the future of Africa, was taken on the initiative of Your Imperial Majesty. Today, Addis Ababa is the headquarters of the **Organization of African Unity** and so, in a sense, the center of the African continent. This is the beginning of a splendid concept, and we wish you continued success in such great work.

For many years, Britain has been intimately concerned with the prosperity and political advancement of Africa. The heritage we have left is the **independent Commonwealth**; of this Your Imperial Majesty saw something last summer when you visited Kenya, Tanzania and Uganda.

It is my hope that the pattern of commercial and industrial relations, which Britain and Ethiopia have so long enjoyed to their mutual benefit, may long continue. Not only is our trade increasing; but, more important perhaps, our investment is expanding. British capital and commercial enterprise are welcomed in Ethiopia. British merchants, engineers and bankers are being drawn here and are keen to find new opportunities”.

“**The British Council** provides teachers and scholarships and contributes to the upkeep of two schools, the Wingate School and the English School. In the world of medicine we are giving assistance to the Medical Faculty at the **Haile Selassie I, University**, and to the Princess Tashai Memorial Hospital. In agriculture and other spheres of technical development cooperation is close and fruitful.

As we drove in through this splendid and beautiful city this evening, we saw something of the face of modern Ethiopia; **a shining example of peaceful and purposeful progress achieved under the enlightened leadership of Your Imperial Majesty.**

We saw how this ancient land was taking advantage of technological progress for the benefit of her people.

All these things have made my husband and me most eager to see something of the new developments in other parts of the country; of your industry, education, medicine and agriculture; of the widely praised beauty of your countryside, and of your ancient capitals of **Gondar and Axum**. We are deeply grateful for your hospitality. We are conscious above all, that as friendship between our two countries will deepen and endure.

It is my privilege to be the first reigning British Sovereign to set foot on Ethiopian soil. But your beautiful country is not unknown to my family. My uncle, the Duke of Gloucester, was here for **Your Imperial Majesty's Jubilee in 1955**; he was here, too, some twenty-seven years earlier at the time of your Coronation. Now at last my husband and I can make the acquaintance, at first hand, of a heroic and historic country which has long fascinated us. It is my hope that this occasion tonight in the Banqueting Hall of your predecessor, the **Emperor Menelik 2nd**, that great unifier of your country, will prove to be a happy augury for the future relations between **Europe and Africa**.

I ask you to rise and drink to the health of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor and the people of Ethiopia”.

Addis Ababa

“My Lord Mayor:

It is a great pleasure to my husband and me to be here tonight as your guest at the opening of your magnificent new City Hall. This splendid modern building will be an ornament to the **City of Addis Ababa**.

I am proud to know that there has been some British contribution to the planning and growth to this City – **in many ways the capital of modern Africa**.

I thank you, My Lord mayor, for the great compliment which you have offered me in giving me the Freedom of your city, although after Monday's moving welcome **I hardly feel that I any longer need the key**.

I wish good health to you My Lord Mayor”.

GONDAR

“My Lord Mayor:

It is a great pleasure and honor for me to be given the Freedom of this your historic City of Gondar. Even in our distant country of Britain we know of the ancient splendor of your city. We have an enduring link in that **Consul Plowden**, one of the most distinguished men in the joint story of our two countries, lies buried here.

My husband and I are also much moved by the gracious welcome accorded to us by the clergy. **We shall always treasure in memory this brief visit to the ancient home of your Kings and your Church.**

May I thank you, my Lord Mayor, and with you, the people of Gondar, for your kind and hospitable welcome”.

Asmara,

My Lord Mayor, I am most honored to be given the freedom of this fine City of Asmara, **and I thank you for the key which symbolizes it.** It gives me great pleasure to agree to your kind suggestion that one of your streets should bear my name. . My husband and I had heard of the remarkable diversity of Ethiopia, its land, people and customs, long before our arrival here last week. It is now our privilege to see for ourselves something of this sturdy maritime land of Eritrea. We are enjoying our stay here and are most grateful for your hospitality.

The links between your people and mine are strong. For twelve years, up to **1952**, the British helped to build up the civil administration of Eritrea. Our friendships have survived the intervening years, and I should like to think that, for you, too, something more tangible has survived.

Today, agriculture and industry, especially the cotton industry, are developing apace. Important works are in hand to expand the key ports of **Massawa and Assab**, and the Navy and the Merchant Marine are based on your shores. Eritrea is playing a vital part in the affairs of this great African country and I trust that the future may be a prosperous one”.

FAREWELL FROM IMPERIAL PALACE, ASMARA.

“Your Imperial Majesty:

It is with some emotion that I thank you for your kind words and gracious toast at this closing moment of our visit to Ethiopia. For my husband and me these have been seven unforgettable days. **We shall take away indelible impressions of**

the beauty of your country, of the warmth of your kindly people's welcome to us and the prosperity and advancement in every sphere achieved under Your Imperial Majesty's guidance.

May I also express our appreciation for your personal kindness and hospitality to us and to our Household?

Your Imperial Majesty, I have brought home to Ethiopia two treasures which left here nearly a hundred years ago, at a moment when the relations between our two countries were far different from those which so happily unite us today.

As I raise my glass to your health, happiness and long prosperity, may I ask Your Imperial Majesty, as a token of our gratitude and esteem for your Throne and Person, to accept from me the Royal Cap and Imperial seal of the Emperor Theodore”.

